

THE KAVERY ENGINEERING COLLEGE*(An Autonomous Institution)***B.E/B.TECH DEGREE END SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATIONS, APRIL-MAY 2025***Sixth Semester**Electrical and Electronics Engineering***EE3602-Power System Operation and Control***Regulations - 2021***Duration : 3 Hrs****Maximum : 100 Marks****PART – A (ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS) (Marks 10*2=20)**

Q.No	Questions	BLT	CO	Marks
1.	Draw the Load Curve and load duration curve.	L1	1	2
2.	Define Utilization Factor.	L1	1	2
3.	List out various needs of frequency regulation in power system.	L1	2	2
4.	Give two conditions for proper synchronizing of Alternators.	L2	2	2
5.	What is the need for compensator in the AVR loop?	L2	3	2
6.	Distinguish on-load and off -load tap changing transformers.	L2	3	2
7.	Define minimum up time.	L1	4	2
8.	State the objectives of Economic dispatch problem.	L2	4	2
9.	How energy control center plays the vital role in supplying reliable power to the consumer?	L2	5	2
10.	What are the different operating states that a power system can operate?	L1	5	2

PART – B (ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS) (Marks 5*16 = 80)

Q.No	Questions	BLT	CO	Marks
11.	a i The Maximum demand on a generating station is 20 MW, a load factor of 75%, a plant capacity factor of 50% and a plant use factor of 80%. Calculate (i) Daily Energy Generated (ii) Reserve Capacity of the plant.	L3	1	8
	i Analyze the importance of load curve and explain how these curves with economic operation of power system?	L3	1	8
	Or			
b i	A Consumer has a connected load of 12 lamps each of 100w at his/her premises. Its load demand are as follows, From Midnight to 5 A.M-----200w 5 A.M to 6 P.M-----No Load 6 P.M to 7 P.M-----700w 7 P.M to 9 P.M-----1000w 9 P.M to Midnight-----500w Draw the Load Curve and Calculate (i) Demand Factor (ii) Average Load (iii) Load Factor (Obtain the Values of unit generated to make LF to be 1).	L3	1	8

i Discuss the Power scenario in India and future trends in Indian grid L3 1 8
i

12. a Analyze the influence of frequency on real power control. Obtain the speed governor block in load frequency control of single area system. L2 2 16

Or

b Develop the transfer function model for two area system with dynamic response of the power system. L2 2 16

13. a Develop the block diagram of the AVR control system and derive the Transfer function of each block. L3 3 16

Or

b i Analyze how the stability compensator improves the dynamic behavior of the loop. L3 3 8

i Discuss the operation and features of STATCOM in power system. L3 3 8
i

14. a There are three thermal generating units which can be committed to take the system load. The fuel cost data and generation operating unit data are given below:
 $F_1 = 392.7 + 5.544 P_1 + 0.001093 P_1^2$
 $F_2 = 217 + 5.495 P_2 + 0.001358 P_2^2$
 $F_3 = 65.5 + 6.695 P_3 + 0.004049 P_3^2$
 P_1, P_2, P_3 in MW Generation limits:
 $150 \leq P_1 \leq 600$ MW; $100 \leq P_2 \leq 400$; $50 \leq P_3 \leq 200$ MW
 Show the details of economic schedule and the total costs of operation for each feasible combination of units for the load level of 900. L4 4 16

Or

b Obtain the priority list of unit commitment using full load average production cost for the given data: L4 4 16

Heat rate of unit 1 $H_1 = 510 + 7.2PG_1 + 0.00142PG_1^2$ MW/hr

Heat rate of unit 2 $H_2 = 310 + 7.85PG_2 + 0.00194PG_2^2$ MW/hr

Heat rate of unit 3 $H_3 = 78 + 7.97PG_3 + 0.00482PG_3^2$ MW/hr

Unit	Min (MW)	Max (MW)	Fuel Cost (K)
1	150	600	1.1
2	100	400	1.0
3	50	200	1.2
PD=500 MW			

15. a What is Energy Control Centre? How monitoring and data acquisition of different parameters helps in operation of energy control centre? L2 5 16

Or

b	Discuss the operations and functions of SCADA with neat diagram.	L2	5	16
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